[JUNE, MDCCLXVIII.] [NUMB. 132.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1768.

the LONDON CHRONICLE, of January 7, 1768.

To the PRINTER:

Waves never riſe but when the Winds blow. Prov.

SIR,

AS the cauſe of the preſent ill humour in America, and of the reſolutions taken there to purchaſe leſs of our manufactures, does not ſeem to be generally underſtood, it may afford ſome ſatisfaction to your Readers, if you give them the following ſhort hiſtorical ſtate of facts.

om the time that the Colonies were firſt conſidered as ble of granting aids to the Crown, down to the end of aſt war, it is ſaid, that the conſtant mode of obtaining aids, was by *Requiſition* made from the Crown through overnors to the ſeveral Aſſemblies, in circular letters the Secretary of State, in his Majeſty's name, ſetting the occaſion, requiring them to take the matter into deration; and expreſſing a reliance on their prudence, and affection to his Majeſty's Government, that they d grant ſuch ſums, or raiſe ſuch numbers of men, as ſuitable to their reſpective circumſtances.

he colonies being accuſtomed to this method, have from to time granted money to the Crown, or raiſed troops s ſervice, in proportion to their abilities; and during all aſt war beyond their abilities, ſo that conſiderable ſums returned them yearly by Parliament, as they had ex- d their proportion.

d this happy method of Requiſition been continued, thod that left the King's ſubjects in thoſe remote coun- he pleaſure of ſhowing their zeal and loyalty, and of ima- that they recommended themſelves to their Sovereign liberality of their voluntary grants) there is no doubt l the money that could reaſonably be expected to be from them in any manner, might have been obtained, ot the leaſt heart-burning, offence, or breach of the ny, of affections and intereſts, that ſo long ſubſiſted en the two countries.

as been thought wiſdom in a Government exerciſing ignty over different kinds of people, to have ſome re- o prevailing and eſtabliſhed opinions among the people governed, wherever ſuch opinions might in their effects ſt or promote public meaſures. If they tend to obſtruct ſervice, they are to be changed, if poſſible, before we t to act againſt them; and they can only be changed aſon and perſuaſion. But if public buſineſs can be on without thwarting thoſe opinions, if they can be, contrary, made ſubſervient to it, they are not unne- y to be thwarted, how abſurd ſoever ſuch popular ns may be in their natures.—This had been the wiſdom Government with reſpect to raiſing money in the ies. It was well known, that the Coloniſts univerſally f opinion, that no money could be levied from Engliſh s, but by their own conſent, given by themſelves or their Repreſentatives: That therefore whatever money was aiſed from the people in the Colonies, muſt firſt be d by their Aſſemblies, as the money raiſed in Britain to be granted by the Houſe of Commons: That this f granting their own money, was eſſential to Engliſh : And that if any man, or body of men, in which ad no Repreſentative of their chuſing, could tax them ſure, they could not be ſaid to have any property, any they could call their own. But as theſe opinions did inder their granting money voluntarily and amply ver the Crown by its ſervants came into their Aſſem- (as it does into its Parliaments of Britain or Ireland) emanded aids; therefore that method was choſen, rather the hateful one of arbitrary taxes.

o not undertake here to ſupport theſe opinions of the ricans; they have been refuted by a late Act of Parlia- , declaring its own power;——which very Parliament, ver, ſhewed wiſely ſo much tender regard to thoſe in- ate prejudices, as to repeal a tax that had militated ſt them. And thoſe prejudices are ſtill ſo fixed and d in the Americans, that, it has been ſuppoſed, not a man among them has been convinced of his error, by that Act of Parliament.

he perſon then who firſt projected to lay aſide the accuſ- d method of Requiſition, and to raiſe money on Ame- by Stamps, ſeems not to have acted wiſely, in deviating that method (which the Coloniſts looked upon as tutional) and thwarting unneceſſarily the fixed prejudi- f ſo great a number of the King's ſubjects.——It was however, for want of knowledge that what he was to do would give them great offence; he appears to been very ſenſible of this, and apprehenſive that it might ion ſome diſorders, to prevent or ſuppreſs which, he ſted another Bill, that was brought in the ſame Seſſion the Stamp-Act, whereby it was to be made lawful for ary Officers in the Colonies to quarter their ſoldiers in te houſes. This ſeemed intended to awe the people into mpliance with the other Act. Great oppoſition however raiſed here againſt the Bill, by the Agents from the nies, and the Merchants trading thither, the Coloniſts ring, that under ſuch a power in the Army, no one l look on his houſe as his own, or think he had a home, ſoldiers might be thruſt into it, and mixed with his ly, at the pleaſure of an officer, that part of the Bill dropt; but there ſtill remained a clauſe, when it paſſed a Law, to oblige the ſeveral Aſſemblies to provide ers for the ſoldiers, furniſhing them with firing, bedding, les, ſmall beer or rum, and ſundry other articles, at the nce of the ſeveral Provinces. And this Act continued force when the Stamp-Act was repealed, though if atory on the Aſſemblies, it equally militated againſt the rican principle above mentioned, *that money is not to be d on Engliſh ſubjects without their conſent.*

The Colonies nevertheleſs being put into high good humour by the repeal of the Stamp-Act, choſe to avoid a freſh diſpute upon the other, it being temporary, and ſoon to expire, never, as they hoped, to revive again; and in the mean time they, by various ways, in different Colonies, provided for the quartering of the troops, either by acts of their own Aſſemblies, without taking notice of the A— of P——t, or by ſome variety or ſmall diminution, as of ſalt and vinegar, in the ſupplies required by the Act, that what they did might appear a voluntary act of their own, and not done in obedience to an A— of P——t which, according to their ideas of their rights, they thought hard to obey.

It might have been well if the matter had thus paſſed without notice; but a G——r having written home an angry and aggravating letter upon this conduct in the Aſſembly of his Province, the outed P——r of the Stamp-Act, and his adherents, then in the oppoſition, raiſed ſuch a clamour againſt America, as being in rebellion, and againſt thoſe who had been for the repeal of the Stamp-Act, as having thereby been encouragers of this ſuppoſed rebellion, that it was thought neceſſary to enforce the Quartering Act by another Act of Parliament, taking away from the Province of New-York, which had been the moſt explicit in its refuſal, all the powers of legiſlation, till it ſhould have complied with that Act. The news of which greatly alarmed the people every where in America, as (it has been ſaid) the language of ſuch an Act ſeemed to them to be, Obey implicitly laws made by the Parliament of Great-Britain to raiſe money on you without your conſent, or you ſhall enjoy no rights or privileges at all.

At the ſame time a Perſon lately in high office, projected the levying more money from America, by new duties on various articles of our own manufacture, as glaſs, paper, painters colours, &c. appointed a new Board of Cuſtoms, and ſending over a ſett of Commiſſioners, with large ſalaries, to be eſtabliſhed at Boſton, who were to have the care of collecting thoſe duties; which were by the act expreſſly mentioned to be intended for the payment of the ſalaries of Governors, Judges, and other Officers of the Crown in America; it being a pretty general opinion here, that thoſe Officers ought not to depend on the people there for any part of their ſupport.

It is not my intention to combat this opinion. But perhaps it may be ſome ſatisfaction to your Readers, to know what ideas the Americans have on the ſubject. They ſay then as to *Governors*, that they are not like Princes whoſe poſterity have an inheritance in the government of a nation, and therefore an intereſt in its proſperity; they are generally ſtrangers to the Provinces they are ſent to govern, have no eſtate, natural connection, or relation there, to give them an affection for the country; that they come only to make money as faſt as they can; are ſometimes men of vicious characters, and broken fortunes, ſent by a Miniſter, merely to get them out of the way; that as they intend ſtaying in the country no longer than their government continues, and purpoſe to leave no family behind them, they are apt to be regardleſs of the good will of the people, and care not what is ſaid or thought of them after they are gone. Their ſituation, at the ſame time, gives them many opportunities of being vexatious, and they are often ſo, notwithſtanding their dependance on the Aſſemblies for all that part of their ſupport that does not ariſe from fees eſtabliſhed by law; but would probably be much more ſo, if they were to be ſupported by money drawn from the people without their conſent or good will, which is the profeſſed deſign of this new act. That if by means of theſe forced duties Government is to be ſupported in America, without the intervention of the Aſſemblies, their Aſſemblies will ſoon be looked upon as uſeleſs, and a Governor will not call them, as having nothing to hope from their meeting, and perhaps ſomething to fear from their enquiries into, and remonſtrances againſt, this Mal-adminiſtration. That thus the people will be deprived of their moſt eſſential rights. That it being, as at preſent, a Governor's intereſt to cultivate the good will, by promoting the welfare of the people he governs, can be attended with no prejudice to the Mother Country, ſince all the laws he may be prevailed on to give his aſſent to, are ſubject to reviſion here, and if reported againſt by the Board of Trade, are immediately repealed by the Crown; nor dare he paſs any law contrary to his inſtructions, as he holds his office during the pleaſure of the Crown, and his Securities are liable for the penalties of their bonds, if he contravenes thoſe inſtructions. This is what they ſay as to *Governors*. As to *Judges* they alledge, that being appointed from hence, and holding their commiſſions *not* during *good behaviour*, as in Britain, but during *pleaſure*, all the weight of intereſt or influence would be thrown into one of the ſcales (which ought to be held even) if the ſalaries are alſo to be paid out of duties raiſed upon the people without their conſent, and independent of their Aſſemblies approbation or diſapprobation of the Judges behaviour. That it is true, Judges ſhould be free from all influence; and therefore, whenever Government here will grant commiſſions to able and honeſt Judges during good behaviour, the Aſſemblies will ſettle permanent and ample ſalaries on them during their commiſſions: But at preſent they have no other means of getting rid of an ignorant or an unjuſt Judge (and ſome of ſcandalous characters have, they ſay, been ſometimes ſent them) but by ſtarving him out.

I do not ſuppoſe theſe reaſonings of theirs will appear here to have much weight. I do not produce them with an expectation of convincing your Readers. I relate them merely in purſuance of the task I have impoſed on myſelf, to be an impartial hiſtorian of American facts and opinions.

The coloniſts being thus greatly alarmed, as I ſaid before, by the news of the Act for aboliſhing the Legiſlature of New-York, and the impoſition of theſe new duties profeſſedly for ſuch diſagreeable purpoſes, (accompanied by a new ſet of revenue officers with large appointments, which gave ſtrong ſuſpicions that more buſineſs of the ſame kind was ſoon to be provided for them, that they might earn theſe ſalaries) began ſeriouſly to conſider their ſituation, and to revolve afreſh in their minds grievances which, from their reſpect and love of this country, they had long borne, and ſeemed almoſt willing to forget. They reflected how lightly the intereſt of all America had been eſtimated here, when the intereſt of a few inhabitants of Great-Britain happened to have the ſmalleſt competition with it. That thus the whole American people were forbidden the advantage of a direct importation of wine, oil, and fruit, from Portugal, but muſt take them loaded with all the expences of a voyage 1000 leagues round about, being to be landed firſt in England to be re-ſhipped for America; expences amounting, in war time, at leaſt to 30 per cent. more than otherwiſe they would have been charged with, and all this merely that a few Portugal merchants in London, may gain a commiſſion on thoſe goods paſſing through their hands. Portugal merchants, by the by, that can complain loudly of the ſmalleſt hardſhips laid on their trade by *foreigners*, and yet even the laſt year could oppoſe with all their influence, the giving eaſe to their *fellow ſubjects* labouring under ſo heavy an oppreſſion!—That on a ſlight complaint of a few Virginia merchants, nine colonies had been reſtrained from making paper money, become abſolutely neceſſary to their internal commerce, from the conſtant remittance of their gold and ſilver to Britain.——But not only the intereſt of a particular body of merchants, the intereſt of any ſmall body of Britiſh tradeſmen or artificers, has been found, they ſay, to outweigh that of all the King's ſubjects in the colonies. There cannot be a ſtronger natural right than that of a man's making the beſt profit he can of the natural produce of his lands, provided he does not thereby hurt the ſtate in general. Iron is to be found every where in America, and beaver ſuits are the natural produce of that country: Hats and nails, and ſteel, are wanted there as well as here. It is of no importance to the common welfare of the empire, whether a ſubject of the King's gets his living by making hats on this or that ſide of the water. Yet the hatters of England have prevailed to obtain an Act in their own favour, reſtraining that manufacture in America, in order to oblige the Americans to ſend their beaver to England to be manufactured, and purchaſe back the hats, loaded with the charges of a double tranſportation. In the ſame manner have a few Nailmakers, and ſtill a ſmaller body of Steelmakers, (perhaps there are not half a dozen of theſe in England) prevailed totally to forbid, by an Act of Parliament, the erecting of ſlitting mills or ſteel furnaces in America, that the Americans may be obliged to take all the nails for their buildings, and ſteel for their tools, from theſe artificers, under the ſame diſadvantages.

Added to theſe, the Americans remembered the Act authoriſing the moſt cruel inſult that perhaps was ever offered by one people to another, that of emptying our goals into their ſettlements: Scotland too having within theſe two years obtained the privilege it had not before, of ſending its rogues and villains alſo to the plantations. I ſay, reflecting on theſe things, they ſaid to one another (their news papers are full of ſuch diſcourſes) theſe people are not content with making a monopoly of us, forbidding us to trade with any other country of Europe, and compelling us to buy every thing of them, tho' in many articles we could furniſh ourſelves 10, 20, and even 30 per cent. cheaper elſewhere; but now they have as good as declared they have a right to tax us *ad libitum*, internally and externally, and that our conſtitutions and liberties ſhall all be taken away, if we do not ſubmit to that claim. They are not content with the high prices at which they ſell us their goods, but have now begun to enhance thoſe prices by new duties; and by the expenſive apparatus of a new ſett of officers, appear to intend an augmentation and multiplication of thoſe burthens, that ſhall ſtill be more grievous to us. Our people have been fooliſhly fond of their ſuperfluous modes and manufactures, to the impoveriſhing our country, carrying off all our caſh, and loading us with debt; they will not ſuffer us to reſtrain the luxury of our inhabitants, as they do that of their own, by laws: They can make laws to diſcourage or prohibit the importation of French ſuperfluities; but though thoſe of England are as ruinous to us as the French ones are to them, if we make a law of that kind, they immediately repeal it. Thus they get all our money from us by trade, and every profit we can any where make by our fiſheries, our produce, or our commerce, centers finally with them; but this does not ſignify. It is time then to take care of ourſelves by the beſt means in our power. Let us unite in ſolemn reſolutions and engagements with and to each other, that we will give theſe new officers as little trouble as poſſible, by not conſuming the Britiſh manufactures on which they are to levy the duties. Let us agree to conſume no more of their expenſive gewgaws. Let us live frugally, and let us induſtriouſly manufacture what we can for ourſelves: Thus we ſhall be able honourably to diſcharge the debts we already owe them, and after that we may be able to keep ſome money in our country, not only for the uſes of our internal commerce, but for the Service of our gracious Sovereign, whenever he ſhall have occaſion for it, and think proper to require it of us in the old *conſtitutional* manner.

Notwithſtanding the reproaches thrown out againſt us in their public papers and pamphlets, notwithſtanding we have been reviled in their Senate as *Rebels* and *Traitors*, we are truly a loyal people. Scotland has had its rebellions, and England its plots againſt the preſent Royal Family; but America is untainted with thoſe crimes; there is in it ſcarce a man, there is not a ſingle native of our country, who is not firmly attached to his King by principle and by affection.

But a new kind of loyalty seems to be required of us, a loyalty to P——t; a loyalty that is to extend, it is said, to a surrender of all our properties, whenever a H— of C——, to which there is not a single member of our chusing, shall think fit to grant them away without our consent; and to a patient suffering the loss of our privileges as Englishmen, if we cannot submit to make such surrender. We were separated too far from Britain by the Ocean, but we were united to it by respect and love, so that we could at any time freely have spent our lives and little fortunes in its cause: But this unhappy new system of politics tends to dissolve those bands of union, and to sever us for ever.

These are the wild ravings of the at present half distracted Americans. To be sure, no reasonable man in England can approve of such sentiments, and, as I said before, I do not pretend to support or justify them: But I sincerely wish, for the sake of the manufactures and commerce of Great-Britain, and for the sake of the strength which a firm union with our growing colonies would give us, that these people had never been thus needlessly driven out of their senses.

I am, Your's, &c. F † S.

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From the BOSTON GAZETTE.

To the PRINTERS:

GENTLEMEN,

You are desired to publish the inclosed. *Yours,*

A FARMER.

GENTLEMEN,

IT is impossible for me to express the reverential gratitude, with which I receive the very great honour, you have been pleased to confer upon me by your late letter.

The rank of the town of Boston, *the wisdom of her counsels, and the spirit of her conduct, render, in my opinion, the approbation of her inhabitants, inestimable; and therefore I shall ever place this testimony of it, among the chief blessings of my life.*

Love of my country engaged me in that attempt, to vindicate her rights, and assert her interests, which your generosity has thought proper so highly to applaud; and if my humble labours prove useful to the good people of these colonies—A glory! beyond which my ambition never wished to rise—I am perswaded that this happy effect must flow from the influence and lustre bestowed upon them by your favourable notice.

Never, till my heart becomes insensible of all worldly things, will it become insensible of the unspeakable obligations, which as an American I owe to the inhabitants of the province of Massachusetts-Bay, *for the vigilence with which they have watched over, and the magnanimity with which they have maintained the liberties of the British colonies on this continent.*

May the same sacred zeal for the common welfare, the same principles of loyalty to our excellent Sovereign, of affection to his illustrious house, and of duty to our beloved parent kingdom, which have uniformly actuated and guided your colony, animate and direct every other, so that at length that union of sentiments and measures may be firmly formed, which as you, Gentlemen, most justly observe, "is so indispensably necessary for the security of the whole."

Among my warmest wishes these will ever be—that the province of Massachusetts Bay *may rejoice in a perpetual prosperity; that the town of* Boston *may always flourish with a dignity becoming the capital of so very respectable a state; that the purity of her intentions, the prudence of her designs, and the vigour of her actions, may constantly confound the machinations of her enemies; and that the virtues of her present inhabitants may be transmitted down from age to age, that so the latest posterity in these colonies, may never want faithful guardians of American freedom.*

A FARMER.

Pennsylvania, April 11, 1768.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 16.

On Tuesday last, by order of the GOVERNOR *and* SOCIETY *of* Fort St. David's, *fourteen Gentlemen, Members of that Company, waited upon* J—n D—k—nson, *Esq; and presented the following Address, in a* BOX OF HEART OF OAK.

RESPECTED SIR!

WHEN a Man of Abilities, prompted by Love of his Country, exerts them in her Cause, and renders her the most eminent Services, *not to be sensible* of the Benefits received, is STUPIDITY; *not to be grateful* for them, is BASENESS.

Influenced by this Sentiment, we, the Governor and Company of *Fort St. David's*, who, among other Inhabitants of *British America*, are indebted to you for your most excellent and generous Vindication of Liberties dearer to us than our Lives, beg Leave to return you our heartiest Thanks, and offer to you the greatest Mark of Esteem, that, as a Body, it is in our Power to bestow, by admitting you, as we hereby do, a Member of our Society.

When that destructive Project of *Taxation*, which your Integrity and Knowledge so signally contributed to baffle about two Years ago, was lately renewed under a *Disguise so artfully contrived* as to delude Millions, YOU, Sir, *watchful* for the Interests of Your Country, *perfectly acquainted* with them, and *undaunted* in asserting them, ALONE detected the Monster concealed from others by an altered Appearance, exposed it, stripped of its insidious covering, in its own horrid Shape, and, we firmly trust by the Blessing of GOD on Your Wisdom and Virtue, will again extricate the *British* Colonies on this Continent from the cruel Snares of Oppression; for we already perceive these Colonies ROUSED *by your strong and seasonable Call*, pursuing the salutary Measures advised by You for obtaining Redress.

Nor is this all that you have performed for Your NATIVE LAND. *Animated* by a *sacred Zeal*, *guided* by *Truth*, and *supported* by *Justice*, YOU have *penetrated to the Foundations of the Constitution*, have *poured* the clearest Light on the important Points, hitherto involved in a Darkness bewildering even the Learned, and have *established* with an amazing Force and Plainness of Argument, the TRUE DISTINCTIONS and GRAND PRINCIPLES, that will *fully instruct Ages yet unborn*, what Rights belong to them, and the best Methods of defending them.

To Merit far less distinguished, ancient *Greece* or *Rome* would have decreed Statues and Honours without Number: But it is *Your Fortune* and *your Glory*, Sir, that You live in *such Times*, and possess *such exalted Worth*, that the ENVY of those, whose DUTY it is to applaud You, can receive no other Consolation, than by witholding those Praises in Public, which all honest Men acknowledge in Private that you have deserved.

We present to you, Sir, a small Gift of a Society not signified by any legal Authority: But when you consider this Gift as expressive of the *sincere Affection* of many of Your Fellow-Citizens for Your Person, and of their *unlimited Approbation* of the noble Principles maintained in your unequalled Labours, we hope this Testimony of our Sentiments will be acceptable to You.

May that all-gracious Being, which in Kindness to these Colonies gave Your valuable Life Existence *at the critical Period* when it would be most wanted, grant it a long Continuance, filled with every Felicity; and when Your Country sustains its dreadful Loss, may you enjoy the Happiness of Heaven, and on Earth may Your Memory be cherished, as we doubt not it will be, to the latest Posterity.

Signed by Order of the Society,

JOHN BAYARD, *Secretary.*

The Box was finely decorated, and the Inscriptions neatly done in Letters of Gold. On the Top was represented the CAP OF LIBERTY on a Spear, resting on a Cypher of the Letters I. D. Underneath the Cypher in a semicircular Label ——PRO PATRIA—— Around the whole the following Words.

THE GIFT OF THE GOVERNOR AND SOCIETY OF FORT ST. DAVID'S TO THE AUTHOR OF THE FARMER'S LETTERS, IN GRATEFUL TESTIMONY OF THE VERY EMINENT SERVICES THEREBY RENDERED TO THIS COUNTRY. 1768.

On the inside of the Top——

THE LIBERTIES OF
THE BRITISH COLONIES IN AMERICA
ASSERTED
WITH ATTIC ELOQUENCE,
AND ROMAN SPIRIT,
BY
J——N D——K——NS——N,* ESQR;
BARRISTER AT LAW.

On the Inside of the Bottom——

ITA CUIQUE EVENIAT,
UT DE REPUBLICA MERUIT.

On the Outside of the Bottom—A Sketch of *Fort St. David's.*

* The Name at length.

To which the following Answer was returned.

GENTLEMEN,

I very gratefully receive the Favour you have been pleased to bestow upon me, in admitting me a Member of your Company; and I return you my heartiest Thanks for your Kindness.

The "Esteem" of worthy Fellow Citizens is a Treasure of the greatest Price; and as no Man can more highly value it than I do, Your Society in "expressing the Affection" of so many respectable Persons for me, affords Me the sincerest Pleasure.

Nor will this Pleasure be lessened by reflecting, that you may have regarded with a generous Partiality *my Attempts to promote the Welfare of our Country; for the* Warmth *of your* Praises *in commending a Conduct you* suppose *to deserve them, gives Worth to these Praises, by proving* your *Merit, while you attribute Merit to* another.

Your Characters, Gentlemen, did not need this Evidence to convince Me, *how much I ought to prize* Your *"Esteem," or how much you deserved* Mine.

I think Myself extremely fortunate, in having obtained your favourable Opinion, which I shall constantly and carefully endeavour to preserve.

I most heartily wish you every Kind of Happiness, and particular that you may enjoy the comfortable Prospect of transmitting to your Posterity those "Liberties dearer to You than Your Lives," which GOD *gave to You, and which* no inferior Power *has a Right to take away.*

ST. JOHN, (Antigua) APRIL 23.

In consequence of a dispute between the Council and Assembly of Grenada, the following Address to his Majesty has been presented to General Melvill to be transmitted to the King.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Representatives of the Island of Grenada and the Grenadines, in General Assembly.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, *your Majesty's most dutiful, loyal, and faithful Subjects, the Representatives of the People of your Islands,* Grenada, *and the* Grenadines, *beg Leave with the greatest Humility, to approach your sacred Person, to lay before your Majesty the distress which this Colony has, for a considerable time past, laboured under, from the violence and intrigues of your Majesty's Council.*

The concern for the welfare and prosperity of all your Majesty's subjects, however remote, which your Majesty has demonstrated on so many important occasions, inspire us with the highest confidence of your Majesty's protection.

We have always considered, that the different branches of the Legislature, ought to be free and independent of each other; and therefore could not help observing with concern, the strong interposition of the other two branches in election of Members to serve in the General Assembly, and the partiality of returning-officers, who are always named by the Commander in Chief.

The Assembly, under the necessity of shewing their disapprobation of such measures, and particularly of returning-officers assuming to themselves, the right of taking or refusing votes at their pleasure, upon a complaint made to them; summoning before them, a returning-officer, and after an examination of witnesses three days, when it was fully proved, that he refused their votes for a candidate, and could only give for reason, That he believed him to be a Roman Catholic.

The Assembly, studious of giving an example of moderation, simply condemned him and a Justice of the Peace, who, at the same election, had ordered a Candidate and his Agent into custody, to acknowledge the fault and beg pardon of the house.

This submission, they, in the most obstinate manner, refused to make, upon which they were ordered into the common Goal.

The evening following, and when the house of Assembly did not stand prorogued, they were taken out by Patrick Maxwell *and* Robert Turner, *Esquires, members of the Council and assistant Judges; and before the Assembly could again meet, they were prorogued: Notwithstanding this prorogation, the Council continued to sit, and considering themselves still in their Legislative capacity, published their minutes of the 11th and 13th of January, wherein they passed the most virulent and abusive Resolutions concerning the Assembly, rested on the grossest misrepresentation of facts.*

The Assembly, though deeply affected with the indecency of such proceedings on the part of the Council, beg leave only to observe, that the Grand-Jury, *duly summoned, and consisting entirely of natural-born subjects and the principal inhabitants of the Colony, thought it their indispensable duty, unanimously, to address your Majesty's Governor, to call the Assembly which then stood prorogued.*

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE are extremely mortified, to find it incumbent on us at present, to acquaint your Majesty of the difficulties this colony has already experienced, and is still like to feel, from the obstruction of public business, owing solely to the wanton and caballing spirit of those in power, and their constant attempts to vilify and overbear the Representatives of your Majesty's subjects of this colony.

We forbear enumerating the many instances of artifice and intrigue practised here, founded on authority, and tending only to the gratification of individuals; convinced that your Royal Justice which has ever been extended to the meanest of your subjects, will assure to this colony, a continuation of your Majesty's paternal regard.

Signed by order of the house,

ALEXANDER WINNIETT, *Speaker.*

Resolved, *That the said Address do pass.*

Ordered, *That the said Address be engrossed, and that Mr.* Bourryau *and Mr.* M'Vicar *do wait upon his Excellency and present the same, with the following message:*

The Gentlemen of the House of Assembly, to his Excellency the General.

"*This house having agreed upon an address, to the King's most Excellent Majesty, herewith send it to your Excellency, and beg your Excellency will be pleased to transmit the same by the first opportunity.*"

ALEXANDER WINNIETT, Speaker.

Ordered, *That copies of the Resolutions of this day, signed by the Speaker, be prepared, and transmitted to the Agent of the Colony, to be laid before the Board of Trade, and Secretary of State.*

Ordered, *That a free conference be desired with the Council, so soon as their Honourable Board shall sit, upon the subject matter of their minutes of the 11th and 13th* January, *and the 7th of* March; *and upon the Enlargement of* Walter Robertson *and* John Nethercott, *Esquires, by two members of their Honourable Board, committed by this House, the 24th* December *last, and that a message be sent accordingly.*

Ordered, *That Mr.* Scott, *Major* Young, *Mr.* Alexander, *and Mr.* William Mackintosh, *be a Committee to draw up reasons to be offered to the Council at the said Conference.*

CHARLES-TOWN, JUNE 14.

BY Letters from Salisbury of the 10th ultimo, we are informed, that 34 Shawanese Indians, had been hunting and jirking Venison for ten Days past, within a few Miles of that Town, and that some white People went to their Camp, but could not learn where they were going, but it is supposed against the Cherokees.

From Amelia we learn, that the Renegado Creeks, formerly mentioned, continue giving out inflammatory Speeches and Talks in the Cherokee Country, and add that Salloue, or the Young Warrior, appears dissatisfied.

Three People have lost their Lives in some fresh Disturbances which have lately happened in the back Settlements of this Province.

Since our last Captain Brown sailed for Georgia, in whom went Passenger, Henry Laurens, Esq.

Last Wednesday the Ship Planter's-Adventure, Miles Lowley, Master, sailed for London, in whom went Passengers, Mr. Benjamin Yarnold, Mrs. Yarnold, and Son, Miss Vaux, Miss Freeman, Miss Roberts, and several others.

The same Day Capt. Doran sailed for St. Augustine, in whom went Capt. Jenkins, of the 9th Regiment, Mr. John Richardson, Merchant there, Mrs. Richardson, Mr. Samuel Hopkins, and some other Passengers.

Friday last Edward Wells was hanged pursuant to his Sentence, and Hezekiah Tyrrel, who was to have been hanged at the same Time, was further respited.

Yesterday the Sloop Sally, John Schermerhorn, Master, arrived here from New-York, in whom came a Number of Passengers.

June	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
13th.	Schooner Polly, Charles Rowland,	New-Providence
14th.	Sloop Sally, John Schermerhorn,	New-York
June	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
7th.	Schooner Thorogood, George Brown,	St. Augustine
9th.	Sloop Beaufain, Nathaniel Catlin,	St. Kitts
	Schooner Vulcan, Stephen Tucker,	Turks-Island
June	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
9th.	Ship Nanny, David Perry,	Lisbon
	Schooner Thorogood, George Brown,	St. Augustine
10th.	Sloop Jamaica Packet, Francis Dickinson,	Jamaica
11th.	Snow Kinnoul, Alexander Alexander,	Leith

New Advertisements.

TO BE SOLD at Auction, by CHARLES CROUCH, *at his House in Elliott-street, on Wednesday the 22d of June Instant, to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon;*

A COLLECTION of LAW BOOKS, comprehending almost all the Reports, and other valuable Articles; many of which, are now rarely to be found. (*A Catalogue of which will be in our next.*) And likewise, a neat convenient Mahogany writing Table; and four large glazed Book Cases, which are made with Joints and sliding Shelves, in order the more easily to be taken asunder, when intended to be moved from one Place to another.

SEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS to be let at Interest, on good personal Security. Enquire of the Printer.

SAVAGE & LEGARE,

HAVE to sell, at JOHN SAVAGE, *Esquire's Store, in Tradd-street;*

BARBADOS RUM in Hogsheads, exceeding good Muscovado SUGAR in Barrels, and a few Tierces of SHIP BREAD, lately imported.

TO BE SOLD at public outcry, at the usual place in Charles-Town, on Tuesday the 5th day of July next, precisely at twelve o'Clock at Noon;

A VALUABLE lot of land in Ansonsbourg, adjoining the lot whereon CHARLES SHINNER, Esq; lately lived, containing in breadth on the path 80 feet, and in depth 546, with one small building thereon. The conditions is CASH, as the owner is about to leave the province.

EDWARD OATS.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS,
AND
WILLIAM-PROCTOR,

HAVING entered into Co-partnership, carry on the TAYLORS BUSINESS in all its Branches, in the House in Beadon's-Alley, where WILLIAM WILLIAMS has lived these several Years past. They now take this method of returning thanks to their Friends and Customers for all past Favours, which they hope will be continued to

WILLIAMS & PROCTOR,

by whom they may depend on being served with as neat work, and as expeditiously as any where in Charles-Town.

WHOEVER will undertake to ſtraighten, and make ſufficiently deep and wide, (ſo as that row boats may paſs through the ſame) a certain creek, commonly called the DEVIL's-CREEK, which runs through a point of marſh adjoining the land lately bought by Edward Fenwicke, Eſq; in Wappoo-creek, are deſired to ſend in their propoſals on or before the ſecond Tueſday in July next, to the Printer of this Paper.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 23d Inſtant, at twelve o'Clock in the Forenoon;

A YOUNG negro wench, this country born, eighteen years of age, ſhe is a good ſempſtreſs, houſe wench, and plain cook. The conditions of the ſale will be caſh, or two or three months credit, paying intereſt from the day of ſale, and giving approved ſecurity, if required.

CHARLES WARHAM.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 5th day of July;

FOUR lots of land in Anſonſbourg, belonging to the ſubſcriber, viz. One lot on the ſouth ſide of George-ſtreet, containing 50 feet in front and 160 in depth. One ditto, on the northweſt corner of ſaid ſtreet, fronting the broad road, meaſuring in front 45 feet, and in depth 200. One ditto, adjoining the laſt mentioned, containing 70 feet in front, and 200 in depth, whereon is a large brick houſe, &c. for ſome time occupied by the late Chief Juſtice Shinner. And a fourth lot, alſo fronting the broad road, and joining to the foregoing, being in front 44 feet, and in depth 200. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the ſaid lots before the day of ſale, may treat with the ſubſcriber, at his houſe in Anſonſbourg, or with Mr. JOSIAH SMITH, jun. at his ſtore near the vendue-houſe, in whoſe hands the plats of ſaid land may be ſeen. JONATHAN BADGER.

ROBERT SHERMAN,

HAS juſt imported in the ſhip UNION, *Captain* COOMBES, *from* LONDON,

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

Which he will diſpoſe of at a low advance for ready money, at his ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet, *lately occupied by Mr.* Charles S. Stocker, *oppoſite Mr.* James Drummond, *amongſt which are the following articles, viz.*

A New handſome light crane necked Phaeton, on a new conſtruction, of the beſt materials, handſomely painted, gilt, and lined with white, likewiſe a pair of harneſs for the ſame, finiſhed in the neateſt manner, with poliſhed bits to the bridles; white and black farcenet cloaks, full and richly trimmed, cloak handkerchiefs, womens hats and bonnets, trimmed with blond lace, and ribbons of various colours, ſuperfine blond and minionet lace, gentlemens laced ruffles, negligee, dreſſed, and court fly caps, black figured ſattin, white perſians, figured and net gauze, double and ſingle edged black lace, all of the neateſt taſte, womens fine brocaded and ſatin ſhoes, bordered muſlin handkerchiefs, jaquenet muſlin, clear and long lawn, Iriſh linen, purple, white and red ditto, gold and copper plate gown patterns, Engliſh chints and printed cambricks, men and womens cotton, thread and ſilk hoſe, mens ſhoe-boots, ſpatterdaſhes and ſhoes, all exceeding neat; a variety of hunting, jockey and chair whips, from 12/6 to 12 *l.* a piece; Pelham, Weymouth and ſnaffle bridles, ditto plated with ſilver, in the beſt manner, common ditto; very neat men and boys hunting ſaddles, London made, womens ſide ditto, with quilted buff ſeats, and neatly ſtitched; ſome very rich ſaddle cloths, trimmed with zig zag gold and ſilver lace, curious piſtols anſwerable to the houſing; a large aſſortment of ſaddle cloths, leather trunks, portmanteaus and wallets of different ſizes, curry combs and bruſhes, horſe combs and ſpunges, curious magazines for gunpowder, ſhot belts, portmanteau and coat ſtraps, mens fine beaver hats, caſtor and felt ditto, livery lace, tin ware of all ſorts, barrel glaſs lanthorns, and binicle lamps, very much made uſe of in England; ſteel and pinchbeck mounted fowling pieces, plain braſs mounted piſtols, and blunderbuſſes, men and womens ſilver buckles in ſets, ſilver ſtock buckles, ſpoons and ſpurs; likewiſe ſome London plated buckles, all of the neateſt faſhion; beſt Glouceſter and Cheſhire cheeſe, caſes of pickles, Florence oil, Durham muſtard, London made ſpermaceti candles, quite tranſparent, at 12/6, linſeed oil, and paints of various colours, frame and mortice chiſels of different ſizes, files and wood raſps, &c. with many other articles too tedious to mention.

LIKEWISE,

SETS of camwood, coco, ſham ſtag, ſham buck and barwood table knives and forks, four bladed and other penknives, raſors and ſciſſars, &c. tin ware of all ſorts, likewiſe made on the ſhorteſt notice, and cheaper than what is commonly imported.

N. B. A pair of ſilver Chineſe pheaſants, likewiſe a fine gold Chineſe cock ditto, remarkable for feathers and beauty, to be diſpoſed off, the price of the pair is £. 50, and for the gold cock £. 35.

TO BE LET, and may be entered upon IMMEDIATELY,

THE Houſe wherein the Subſcriber now lives in, at the Upper-end of Broad-Street, oppoſite to ARTHUR MIDDLETON, Eſquire's. Enquire of ANDREW LORD, or THOMAS ELFE.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, the thirty-firſt of May laſt, a negro man named CUFFEE, between forty and fifty years of age, about five feet ſeven or eight inches high, a ſober, ſedate looking fellow, ſpeaks good Engliſh, had on when he went away, a blue negro cloth jacket and trowſers, was formerly the property of Mrs. Withers, then of Mr. John Marley, who kept him employed in driving a cart, afterwards of Mr. John Calvert, and now of the ſubſcriber. Whoever will deliver the ſaid fellow to me at my houſe in King-ſtreet, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, if taken in Charles-Town, or within ten Miles; if further, TEN POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES RIDDLE.

N. B. All perſons are forbid harbouring the ſaid negro, and maſters of veſſels cautioned againſt carrying him off, as they will anſwer the ſame at their peril.

TO BE LET, and may be entered upon the 21ſt of Auguſt next;

THE Brick Tenement in Elliott-Street, where Mrs. Broughton now lives. Enquire of Meſſrs. GRIFFITH & CAPE, or JOHN HUGER.

Charles-Town, June 13, 1768.

THE Subſcribers begs Leave to acquaint the Public in general, and their Friends in particular, that they have opened the Houſe in the Market-Square, known by the Sign of the DUKE OF CUMBERLAND's HEAD, lately kept by Mr. ROBINSON, where they have a cool commodious and pleaſant BILLIARD ROOM. Such Gentlemen who may pleaſe to Favour them with their Cuſtom, may depend on being accommodated in the genteeleſt Manner, and ſerved with the beſt Liquors that can be procured in the Province, and their Favours will be gratefully acknowledged, by

Their moſt Humble, and obedient Servants,

JORDAN & BRENAN.

THE Subſcriber intending for to depart the province ſhortly, (for one or two months) gives this PUBLIC NOTICE thereof, in order that every perſon having any demands againſt him, may bring the ſame in to him for payment, by the 30th of June inſtant.

THOMAS STONE.

N. B. He reſides in one tenement of the South-Carolina Society's houſes, in Anſonſbourg. *June 9, 1768.*

RUN-AWAY about eleven months ago, from the ſubſcriber, a ſhort negro wench called CHLOE, purchaſed at Dr. Chalmondeley Dering's ſale; it is ſuppoſed ſhe is either harboured at ſome one of the neighbouring plantations near where ſhe lived, or in Charles-Town. Whoever delivers her to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive a reward of TEN POUNDS; and any perſon giving information of her being harboured, if by a white perſon, ſhall have FIFTY POUNDS reward, and if by a negro, TEN POUNDS, upon conviction of the offender.

LEVI DURAND.

TO BE SOLD at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 5th of July next;

THE houſe and land at the upper end of Tradd-ſtreet, at preſent occupied by Mr. Benjamin Villepontoux. The conditions will be made known at the time of ſale. Any perſon willing to agree by private ſale before the ſaid day, muſt apply to Thomas Baker, at Dorcheſter, or in Charles-Town, to

JOHN M'CALL, junior.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation up the path, three miles from Charles-Town, a negro fellow named BOB, late the property of Mr. Iſaac Bradwell, deceaſed, near Neilſon's ferry. Whoever apprehends the ſaid fellow, and delivers him to my overſeer up the path, or to me in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a reward of Five Pounds, from SARAH BULLARD.

MR. WILLIAM ANDERSON, of the pariſh of St. James, Santee, advertiſes a brown bay gelding, about 13 hands and an half high, ſquare made, with a ſwitch tail, branded on the mounting ſhoulder JA in one, which ſaid horſe was ſome years ago the property of *James Anderſon*. Whoever owns the ſaid horſe, may apply and prove his property before DANIEL HORRY.

RUN-AWAY the 28th of May laſt, a negro wench named CELIA, this country born, and lately belonged to Samuel Brailsford, Eſq; ſhe is ſuppoſed to be harboured in or about Charles-Town, where ſhe is very well acquainted. Any perſon apprehending the ſaid wench, and delivers her to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward; and upon Information of her being harboured by a white perſon, a reward of Twenty Pounds will be given, upon proof thereof, and Five Pounds, if by a negro.

JOHN M'CALL, junior.

THE ſubſcriber is informed of the following ſtrays, by ſundry perſons, viz.

By Theophilus Norwood, of a bay gelding, about thirteen hands and an half high, about nine years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder W)B, and on the off ſhoulder TB. Alſo,

A black gelding, near 12 hands high, about eight or nine years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder ID, and on the off ſhoulder IP. Likewiſe,

A black gelding, about 14 hands high, eight or nine years old, has a ſtar and ſnip, branded on the mounting ſhoulder with ſomething like an heart, joined to an S, and on the near buttock C.

By Thomas Lane, of a dark bay horſe, about 12 hands high, about two years old, neither docked nor branded.

And, by Buckingham Kane, of a yellow pied cow, with a yearling, marked with a crop in the left ear, and a crop and under ſlope in the right.

The owners of the above mentioned ſtrays, muſt prove their property before ROBERT WEAVER.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN MARSHALL, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the ſuit of *Conrad Bott*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Conrad Bott*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of Judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 7, 1767.

Dorcheſter, June 9, 1768.

A BROWN bay gelding, about fourteen hands and an half high, unbroke, branded on the mounting buttock and ſhoulder MC, and on the off ſhoulder ME.

A brown pied cow, with an obſcure brand, marked with a crop and under keel in one ear, and an upper keel in the other ear.

A four year old pied bull, a two year old heifer, and a one year old bull, all unbranded. The owners muſt prove their property before JOHN JOOR.

ALL Kinds of Blanks uſed in this Province, and good Writing Paper, to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

JUST IMPORTED in Captain Schermerhorn, *from New-York, and to be ſold by* CHARLES CROUCH, *in Elliott-ſtreet, the famous* EDWARD JOYCE's *Great American* BALSAM, *made in* Long-Iſland, *ſuperior by Trial, for its Uſe and Efficacy, to any imported from* Europe.

IT cures all Manner of Wounds, if curable; the moſt inveterate Ulcers and Fiſtulas, by injecting into the Canals and Sinews of Ulcers and Fiſtulas aforementioned. In Wounds, you cure by dipping a Pledget of Lint in the Balſam, and bind up the Wound, uniting the Lips of the Wound as Conveniency offers, renewing once a Day, till cured.

It ſcatters all Manner of Swellings, that are fit to be ſcattered; but Abceſs, and ſuch under that Denomination, are often called Biles, muſt come to Suppuration when it is drawn, and the corrupted Matter taken off it, quickly heals.

For a Cold, attended with violent Coughing, Inflamation of the Glands, Hoarſeneſs, and exceſſive Force for Reſpiration, Pains in the Breaſt, and even the ſtrongeſt Pleuratick Symptoms, it gives immediate Eaſe, by taking in the Morning faſting, a Tea Spoonful of the Balſam, with two or three Tea Spoonfuls of Honey, or for Want of Honey, Sugar.

For violent Falls whereby the internal Parts may be hurt, and a Rexis of the Veſſels, that often bring on a Bleeding at Mouth, Noſe, &c. it ſtops the Blood, and ſcatters the coagulated Blood, and makes it more fluid to paſs away.

In Sprains of the Limbs, Contractions of the Ligaments, Tendons, by anointing with the Balſam before a Fire, it ſupples and relaxes them to their natural Functions.

Pains in the Joints in the upper and lower Limbs, by the ſame Method, it takes away by a few Applications.

Even in the Gout and Rheumatiſm it gives immediate Eaſe, but I don't ſay it is an infallible Cure.

N. B. It cures Conſumptions that are not of long ſtanding, if the Patient is within the Age of Forty Years, by taking a Tea Spoonful of the Balſam, Morning and Night, drinking half a Pint of warm freſh Broth after each Doſe, during the Term of Forty Days.

☞ It has cured a Number of People in New-York, whoſe Names are affixed to the Directions, and a Bottle of it having been brought into this Province the latter End of laſt Winter, it cured ſeveral Perſons of violent Coughs, &c. which were of a long ſtanding.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, about three months ago, a negro fellow named PRIMUS, branded on the buttock G H; a ſhort thick fellow, about five feet ſeven inches high, of a yellowiſh caſt, and buſhy head; had on when he went away, a blue jacket and white robin, bound round with red. Whoever takes him up, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber, or to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges. JOHN HOGG.

RUN-AWAY from my plantation on Pedee-River, the 8th of June, two negro men of the Gambia country, named WILL and SCIPIO: WILL is remarkably black, a down look, and about 5 feet 6 inches high; SCIPIO is of a yellow complexion, he is a ſhort well made fellow; they both ſpeak tolerable good Engliſh. A reward of *Fifty Pounds* will be given to any perſon who will apprehend the ſaid Negroes, (or *Twenty-five Pounds* for each) and deliver them to the ſubſcriber, or the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town. Alſo, *One Hundred Pounds* reward will be given to whoever will give information of their being harboured by a white perſon, and *Twenty Pounds* if by a negro, to be paid on conviction of the offenders.

Pedee, May 30, 1768. PETER SIMONS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all to whom it may concern, that the Co-partnerſhip between HAWES and FLAGG, Painters and Glaziers, on the Bay, was diſſolved on the 27th of April laſt. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Co-partnerſhip are requeſted to make immediate Payment, and all Perſons to whom they are anywiſe indebted, are deſired to bring in their Accounts in order for ſettling the ſame.

HAWES & FLAGG

THE Commiſſioners for cutting a Drain up the Channel of the Cypreſs Swamp, have determined, that an Avenue of 60 Feet wide, from Bacon's Bridge to the Road leading to the Orangeburgh Road, and commonly called the Cypreſs Road, ſhall be cut, that all ſtanding Trees and Stumps ſhall be cut down within one Foot of the Surface of the Swamp, that the Trees ſo cut down, together with all Logs, and other Obſtructions, ſhall be removed out of the ſaid Avenue, and that a Drain ſhall be dug of Thirty Feet wide, and Three Feet deep in the ſhalloweſt Part of the Channel of the ſaid Swamp, from Bacon's Bridge to the dividing Line between the Plantations belonging to the Eſtate of Adam Daniel, deceaſed, and Daniel Doyley, (the computed Diſtance of the Drain will be about three Miles). Thoſe willing to undertake the cutting and compleating the ſame, are deſired to ſend their Propoſals in Writing to

JOHN JOOR,
DANIEL BLAKE,
DANIEL DOYLEY,
DAVID OLIPHANT,
WILLIAM SANDERS,
BENJAMIN WARING,
HENRY SMITH,
JAMES SANDERS,

tbcf. JOHN JOOR, junior.

CHARLES S. STOCKER,

HAS to diſpoſe of Wholeſale and Retail, very reaſonable at his Store in Tradd-ſtreet;

CHOICE CLARET by the dozen Bottles, Madera and Vidonia WINES by the Pipe, or Quarter-Caſk, or any Quantity not leſs than three Gallons, and in Bottles by the Dozen, ſweet Mountain and Port ditto, by the dozen Bottles, Jamaica, Weſt-India and Northward RUM, by the Hogſhead, Quarter-Caſk, or any Quantity not leſs than three Gallons, choice CORDIALS, BRANDY, Loaf and Muſcovado SUGAR, VINEGAR, COFFEE, Hyſon and Bohea TEA, CHOCOLATE, &c. tbcf.

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL Tract of 77 Acres of Land, about two Miles from Charles-Town, very pleaſantly ſituated, being open to the Sea, belonging to Governor Boone. Any Perſon wanting to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to James Poſtell, Eſq; or ROBERT RAFER.

☞ ADVERTISEMENTS omitted this Week, for want of Room, ſhall be in our next.

St. George's Society.

A QUARTERLY Meeting will be held on Wednesday the 29th Inſtant, at the Houſe of Mr. *Robert Dillon*, in Broad-ſtreet. The Members are deſired to meet at the Hour of Eleven in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Preſident,
WILLIAM MAXWELL, Secretary.

MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS,

HAVE imported in the Planter's-Adventure, Miles Lowley, *Maſter, from* London, *an aſſortment of GOODS ſuitable for the province and ſeaſon, which they will ſell very low, at their ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet,*

Among which are the following Articles,

SUPERFINE broad cloths and ſagathies, with ſuitable trimmings, ſilk jeans, ſilk and worſted breeches pieces, ſilk petticoats, figured nankeens, plain ditto, London made Italian riding chairs, olives, capers, anchovies, linſeed and train oil, ſingle and double refined loaf ſugar, blue raiſins in jars, almonds ſhelled and unſhelled, fine hyſon, green and bohea tea, ruff ſhoes, India taffaty, thread, cotton and ſilk hoſe, mens gold laced and plain beaver hats, rich flowered ſatin, luteſtrings and mantuas, bombazines, ſaddles, pavillion gauſe, boys leather caps, Ward's medicines, ſilk umbrelloes, oſnabriggs, Iriſh linens, printed linens, cottons and calicoes, India and Engliſh chints, a few handſome bed and curtain patterns, Ruſſia linen, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, dowlas and garlix, humhums, checks and cotton ſtripes, huckaback, princes ſtuff, eight day clocks very cheap, Poland ſtarch, powder and fig blue, plain and ſcented hair powder, plain and ſcented rappee ſnuff, lavender, Hungary and honey water, eau de luce, and aquabuſade waſh-balls and pomatum, line twine, men and womens gloves and mitts, hair brooms, gold and ſilver lace and buttons, mens oil cafe hats, ſpices, ſtring and plated ſpurs, buck handled, bone and green ivory knives and forks, neat ſowling pieces, forty ſtand of neat arms with bayonets, belts, &c. compleat, at 23*l.* each, or very low taking the whole, Orenoko and Roger's tobacco, broad and narrow hoes, japanned tea tables, tea cheſts, waiters, trays, tobacco diſhes and candleſticks, glaſs India ſhades, of a neat and faſhionable conſtruction, ditto of the common kind, nails of various kinds, ſmoke jacks, very fine port wine, inferior to none in the province, arrack, claret, muſtard in bottles, ſaltpetre, white and red lead, Spaniſh brown, table cloths of various kinds and ſizes, a ſufficient quantity of rich flock paper, with bordering, to line a large room, green Windſor chairs and ſettees.

Alſo, four hogſheads of brimſtone, and an aſſortment of London cordage at coſt and charges, rum, wine, muſcovado ſugar, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 21ſt of June next, at Twelve o'Clock;

A PLANTATION or tract of land, ſituate, lying and being on James Iſland, oppoſite to the ſouth part of Charles-Town, containing 37 ACRES, with the buildings thereon, which formerly belonged to Samuel Maverick, ſhipcarpenter, deceaſed, and is now to be ſold for the payment of the debts of the ſaid Samuel Maverick. The conditions of the ſale will be declared at the above time. Whoever has a mind to purchaſe the ſaid tract of land, may [illegible] by applying to Mr. Benjamin Stone, or

ROBERT RIVERS.

PRICE, HIEST, & HEAD,

HAVING received a conſignment from Liverpool, of ſundry articles, viz.

WHITE plains, Iriſh linens, linen and cotton checks of different widths and prices, check handkerchiefs, cotton counterpanes, ſtarrats, red port wine, empty bottles, &c. which they will ſell very cheap for caſh, or ſhort credit. They have alſo good New-York flour, ſhip bread, and a few caſes of Candles, to diſpoſe of.

Beaufort, Port Royal, May 2, 1768.

ON Tueſday the 26th day of April laſt, the following ſeamen, belonging to the ſchooner ROBERT & JANE, ROBERT ORR, Maſter, viz.

JOHN DUNN, mariner, about five feet five inches high, and thirty years of age, well ſet, of a dark complexion, black curling hair, very much pitted with the ſmall-pox:

THOMAS BRADLY, mariner, about five feet ſix inches high, and nineteen years of age, very ſlim, of a fair complexion, very much freckled, with ſhort ſtrait ſandy hair:

JAMES BIRD, mariner, about five feet five inches high, and eighteen years of age, well ſet, bandy legged, of a dark complexion, with ſhort ſtrait hair, and very much pitted with the ſmall-pox:

RAN-AWAY from out of Port-Royal river, in the province of South-Carolina, with a new ſquare ſterned ſchooner, of forty-five or forty-ſeven feet keel, ſixteen feet beam, ſix feet two inches hold, from the cieling to the lower part of the beam, the frame entirely of live oak, the beams and plank of pine, with a ſhort quarter deck, no quarter rails, ſquare tuck; with a lumber port on the larboard counter, the cabbin rough done, a cabbin on each ſide, with deep lockers underneath, and ſeats below, with lockers under them; likewiſe a croſs cabbin abaft; a cupboard on the larboard ſide againſt the bulk head, an iron horſe abaft for the main ſheet block, no croſs trees on her maſts, two iron withes on each maſt head, for topmaſts, one iron withe on the end of the bolt-ſprit for a jibboom, a bulk head forward in the hold, one third of the foremaſt before it, and two thirds abaft of the ſaid bulk head. She had on board when carried away, about ſix hundred buſhels of corn in the ears, a parcel of peaſe, potatoes, and live hogs, ſome indico vats, belonging to Mr. William Deveaux; there was alſo on board a negro fellow named JAMES, of a yelloviſh complexion, about 5 feet 9 inches high, has ſome ſcars on his back and ſhoulders; alſo a negro boy named SANCHO, about eight years of age, South-Carolina born, both the property of the ſubſcriber, and a white lad, an apprentice to the ſubſcriber, named JAMES HOGARTY, about fourteen years of age. The ſchooner was not cleared out at any cuſtom-houſe, it is therefore expected, if ſhe is carried into any port belonging to Great-Britain, ſhe will be detained by the cuſtom-houſe officers, and the offenders brought to juſtice. Whoever ſecures, or will give information of the ſaid villains and ſchooner, that the former may be brought to juſtice, and the latter recovered, will be amply and thankfully rewarded, by

ROBERT ORR.

N. B. The ſchooner lately belonged to Meſſrs. KELSALL, & Co. merchants in Beaufort, and purchaſed of them by the ſubſcriber, as will appear by the regiſter, the maſter's name at that time was JOHN ROBERTS, when owned by Kelſall, & Co.

TO BE SOLD,

EXCEEDING good Rheniſh WINE, in BOTTLES, lately imported from London, by WILLIAM HALES.

AS I intend to leave the Province ſoon, for three or four Months, do now earneſtly Requeſt that all Perſons indebted to VANDERHORST and SIMONS, or myſelf, that they would immediately diſcharge the ſame, or ſettle to my Satisfaction, otherwiſe their Accounts, &c. will certainly be put in ſuit very ſhortly. ELIAS VANDERHORST.

A YOUNG Man who can be well recommended, would be glad of Employment in a Store, either in Town or Country. Enquire of the Printer.

WHEREAS I lately gave a bond to JAMES STEEN, payable for £. 400 to the ſaid STEEN, on a purchaſe of land by him ſold to me, and whereas I find the ſaid land under mortgage to EBERHART EHNEY, of Charles-Town, deceaſed, whereby it appears the above bond was obtained from me by fraud. Theſe may notify all whom it may concern, that I ſhall not pay the ſaid bond, or any aſſignment thereof, and this is publiſhed that none may plead ignorance.

JOHN THOMAS.

TO BE SOLD at private ſale, ſundry valuable lots of land in ANSONBOURG, *viz.*

TWO lots, containing 40 feet front each, on the north ſide of George-ſtreet, and 200 feet deep. One ditto, on the eaſt ſide of Squirrel-ſtreet, of 25 feet front and 136 feet, 9 inches in depth. Two ditto, of 50 feet front each, on the ſouth ſide of a new ſtreet (of 25 feet in width) and 143 feet, 8 inches in depth. One ditto, of 40 feet front and 143 feet, 8 inches in depth, on ſaid ſtreet. Twelve months credit will be given, and for further particulars, apply to

JOHN S. DART.

CARRIED away from one of the wharfs, a large CANOE, about 25 feet in length, and 2 feet 10 inches over, marked —R in one on the ſtern ſheets. Whoever takes up the ſaid canoe, and delivers her to the Printer hereof, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS reward.

FOUND by a Negro, a RING. The Owner is hereby informed, that upon deſcribing it, paying for this Advertiſement, and giving a Trifle to the Negro for his Honeſty, may have it again, by applying in Queen-ſtreet, to

WILLIAM DARBY, Carpenter.

DANIEL BOURDEAUX,

INTENDING ſhortly to depart the province, all perſons having any demands againſt him, are deſired to apply for payment. He would be much obliged to thoſe indebted to him forthwith to diſcharge the ſame.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of Land ſituate on George-Town River, containing Three Hundred and Seventy Acres, good for Corn, Rice or Indico. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may apply for further [illegible] to the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD at vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 28th of June inſtant;

A MOST valuable tract of one thouſand acres of land at Combahee, belonging to the eſtate of the Reverend Mr. William Hutſon, deceaſed, about one mile diſtant from a landing, where a veſſel of 200 tons may load; has at leaſt ſeven or 800 acres of ſwamp and ſavannah, thought by good judges to be as good rice land as any in this province, well ſituated and calculated for two plantations, having very good high land for that purpoſe, towards each end of the tract. It is known by, and uſually called GREEN SAVANNAH, bounding ſouthward on lands of Mr. Richard Hutſon, northward on lands late Meſſrs Rogerſon and Timmons, deceaſed, weſtward on lands of the Hon. Daniel Blake, Eſq; and eaſtward on lands of Colonel Heyward; a plat of which may be ſeen in the hands of Mr. Arthur Peronneau, in Charles-Town. The conditions will be credit, if moſt agreeable to the purchaſer, giving approved ſecurity, to

JOHN HODSDEN,
JOHN BARNWELL,
JAMES DONNOM,
} Executors.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method of acquainting the public, that he has opened a ſtore next to Meſſrs. Hawes and Flagg's colour ſhop on the Bay, near the market, where he retails the beſt old Jamaica, Weſt-India and Northward rum, by any quantity, not leſs than three gallons.—Gentlemen in town and country, maſters of veſſels, and paſſengers, who chuſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their liquor in its original purity, and very cheap, for caſh only. WILLIAM FITCH.

N. B. He has likewiſe a few dozen of choice bottled cyder, ſome very good cordials, loaf and brown ſugar, coffee, cheeſe, ſoap, pigtail and paper tobacco, &c. which he ſells at a very low price.

Juſt publiſhed in two ſeparate Sheets, for the Advantage of being hung up in Stores, Compting-Rooms, &c. and to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, *in Elliott-ſtreet,*

A Table of General and Additional Duty on Goods imported into and exported from this Province, Duty on Slaves, Pilots Fees, Fees of the Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in Charles-Town, &c. Alſo,

A Table of Rates of Wharfage of Ships and Merchandize, and Rates of Storage in Charles-Town.

TO BE LET,

THE front Shop and Cellar, together with a front Dining Room and Bed Chamber, in the Houſe where ISAAC and JACOB WALDRON lately lived, in Broad-Street. For Particulars, enquire of

JOHN NEUFVILLE.

A QUANTITY of choice TAMARINDS, in Earthen Pots, to be ſold at Charles Crouch's Printing-Office in Elliott-ſtreet.

WHEREAS my wife Anne Samways, hath eloped from me, and gone to Charles-Town, without any juſt cauſe or reaſon, I do hereby forewarn all perſons from crediting her in my name in anywiſe whatſoever, as I am determined not to pay any debt ſo contracted by her, from the date hereof. SAMUEL SAMWAYS.

June 1, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

HERMON HUST, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of three writs of *capias ad reſpondendum*, one at the ſuit of *Thomas Ferguſon*, Eſq; one at the ſuit of *James M'Kelvey*, and the other at the ſuit of *Thomas Barton*; and likewiſe by virtue of a writ of *capias ad ſatisfaciendum*, at the ſuit of *Chriſtopher Barr*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Thomas Ferguſon*, *James M'Kelvey*, *Thomas Barton*, *Chriſtopher Barr*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, March 24, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN OLIVER, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of a writ of *Capias ad Satisfaciendum*, at the ſuit of *Andrew Hibben*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Andrew Hibben*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 2, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

PETER HORN, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the ſuit of *Henry Laurens* and *Alexander Chiſolme*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Henry Laurens* and *Alexander Chiſolme*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 2, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

ZACHARIAH BLACKLEDGE, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of a writ of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, at the ſuit of *Roger Kelſal*, *Andrew Darling*, and *Simon Munrow*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Roger Kelſal*, *Andrew Darling*, and *Simon Munrow*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 2, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN HOLOWELL, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of five ſeveral writs of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, viz. one at the ſuit of *Thomas Elfe*, one at the ſuit of *Melcher Werley*, one at the ſuit of *Samuel Prioleau, jun. & Co.* one at the ſuit of *Gabriel Manigault*, and one at the ſuit of *George Noddings*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Thomas Elfe*, *Melcher Werley*, *Samuel Prioleau, jun. & Co. Gabriel Manigault*, *George Noddings*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 5, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN GOOD, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of three ſeveral writs of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, viz. one at the ſuit of *Robert Neilſon*, one at the ſuit of *John Clunie* and *Charles Browne*, and the other at the ſuit of *John Ward* and *Peter Leger*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Robert Neilſon*, *John Clunie* and *Charles Browne*, *John Ward* and *Peter Leger*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, May 2, 1768.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

SUPPLEMENT to the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE, and COUNTRY JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1768. No. 132. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

Charles-Town, May 21, 1768.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, that the TREASURER'S OFFICE will be removed on Wedneſday the firſt Day of next Month, to the Houſe of the Subſcriber in old Church-Street. HENRY PERONNEAU,
Aſſiſtant-Treaſurer.

☞ For the Convenience of the Gentlemen in Trade, and others, the Office will be kept open, to tranſact Buſineſs, during the Summer Months, from SEVEN to TWELVE o'Cock in the Forenoon.

WHEREAS by an Act of Aſſembly lately paſſed, Commiſſioners are appointed to cauſe a Channel or Canal to be cut from the Weſt End of Broad-ſtreet, in a direct Line to low Water Mark, on Aſhley River, twenty-five Feet wide, and of a ſufficient Breadth, at the End next to Broad-ſtreet, to receive two Schooners, and of Depth ſufficient for the paſſing of Veſſels, not drawing more than ſix Feet Water; and to cauſe good and ſubſtantial Banks or Cauſeys to be raiſed on both Sides thereof. Therefore any Perſon or Perſons willing to undertake the Work, agreeable to the Terms of the ſaid Act; and alſo to procure the ſaid Canal to be piled in on both Sides with Palmetto Poſts, are deſired to give in their Propoſals for the ſame forthwith to the Subſcriber, as the Commiſſioners are deſirous the Work ſhould be begun as ſoon as may be.

WILLIAM SAVAGE, one of the Commiſſioners.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION or tract of eight hundred acres of land, on the Cypreſs ſwamp, in the pariſh of St. George, Dorcheſter, (about 30 miles from Charles-Town) three hundred acres of which is good uncleared rice land, well ſtored with cypreſs for ſawing; the land in that ſwamp will ſoon be equal in value to the beſt rice land in the province, as a drain is ſhortly to be opened which will effectually prevent the damage ariſing from a freſh, and remove the only diſadvantage thoſe lands are at preſent under. For particulars, apply to Daniel Doyley, Eſq; in Charles-Town, or the ſubſcriber near Dorcheſter.

WILLIAM SANDERS.

Charles-Town, January 6, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given that Meſſrs. Thomas Liſton and William Hope, of Charles-Town, merchants, have aſſigned all their debts and effects to the ſubſcribers, in truſt, for paying out of the money to ariſe therefrom, ſuch of the creditors of Middleton, Liſton and Hope, and of the ſaid Thomas Liſton and William Hope, as ſhall within twelve months from this day, conſent and agree to receive a dividend of their debts, in average and proportion, as far as the ſaid money will extend, and thereupon to execute general releaſes of their ſaid demands as againſt the ſaid Thomas and William; the other creditors are excluded from any ſhare of the ſaid money; therefore thoſe who are willing to accept dividends upon the terms above mentioned, are deſired to ſignify ſuch conſent, and tranſmit their accounts duly atteſted, within the time above limited.

Robert Oſwald having likewiſe aſſigned to us all the books and effects belonging to himſelf, and as partner with Oſwald and Tuquet, upon the ſame terms and conditions as the foregoing, all perſons intereſted are deſired to take due notice.

BENJAMIN SMITH,
HENRY LAURENS,
JOHN NEUFVILLE,
JOHN CHAPMAN,
JOHN RUTLEDGE,
WILLIAM SAVAGE,
WILLIAM PRICE.

THIS is to acquaint the Public, That THOMAS IVERS, WILLIAM PRICE, WILLIAM HEST, and EDMUND HEAD, have eſtabliſhed a ROPE WALK on the North Side of this Town, and carry on the BUSINESS of ROPE-MAKING, under the Firm of

THOMAS IVERS, & Co.

They can compleat any Orders for CORDAGE in a ſhort Time, and will be much obliged to thoſe who pleaſe to favour them with their Cuſtom.

Orders are received by THOMAS IVERS, at the Rope-Walk, or by PRICE, HEST, and HEAD, at their Store on the Bay, where a compleat Aſſortment of CORDAGE will be always lodged for Sale. tbctf.

ALL Perſons having any Demands on Dr. Thomas Stinſon, that have a Mind to come in for their Dividend on an Average with the Creditors, are deſired to ſend their Accounts properly atteſted to the Subſcribers, on or before the Tenth Day of July next.

ROBERT DANIELL,
6 w. THOMAS JOELL.

THE Subſcribers are under a neceſſity of cloſing all their concerns, therefore give this notice, that all accounts not paid, or ſettled by bond, by the 25th day of June, will be put into the hands of an attorney to be ſued for.—The longeſt indulgence, where there is bonds, will not exceed the firſt of October next, and that only to thoſe we know will be punctual.—Thoſe either in the private concerns of John Perdriau, as well as thoſe with Perdriau and Fabre, will pay due regard to this, as no other notice will be given.

3 m. PERDRIAU & FABRE.

ALL Perſons who are anywiſe indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN DUTARQUE, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment by the firſt Day of Auguſt, and thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to give in their Accounts properly atteſted, to

THOMAS JOELL,
HENRY BONNEAU,
JOHN DUTARQUE.

ANDREW LORD,

Has juſt imported in the Ship Union, William Coombes, maſter, from London, a compleat ASSORTMENT of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon, and will ſell them very reaſonable at his ſtore on the Bay, lately occupied by Meſſieurs David and John Deas, viz.

CROWLY's broad hats of different prices, falling and broad axes, felt, caſtor and beaver hats of all prices, boys furr'd hats, with gold buttons and loops; a good aſſortment of pewtery, ditto braſiery, 10 and 11 nail checks, 3-4th ſtripes, 7-8th and yard wide cotton checks, cotton gown patterns for wenches, figured, ſtewered and corded dimity, cotton counterpanes of different ſizes, great variety of ſilk Damaſcus for mens jackets, bed ticking, 3-4th, 7-8th and yard wide Iriſh linen, from 7ſs. to 40ſ. per yard, Iriſh laggans, 9-8th ſheeting, Iriſh dowlas, London porter in barrels and bottles, an aſſortment of Scots thread, mens, womens, boys and girls purple gloves and mitts, black and white glazed lamb ditto, mens buckſkin gloves, a good aſſortment of broad cloths, ditto ſagathies, Weſton's ſnuff, ditto rappee, an aſſortment of haſiery, four thread breeches patterns, a large aſſortment of ſtationary, Scots, Iriſh, and German osnabrugs, horſe hair ſtuffing mattraſſes, Flanders ticks, 3-4th and 7-8th garlick, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, black pepper, currants, raiſins of the ſun, prunes, Jordan almonds, green, byſon, ſouchong, ſingle and Bohea teas, Florence oil, and all ſorts of pickles, linſeed oil, white lead in oil, Spaniſh brown, saker, umber, red lead, brimſtone, vermillion, all ſorts of tapes, black Barcelona handkerchiefs, cravats, pavillion gauze, thread and ſilk; chipt and Leghorn hats, quern ſtones, pigtail, Oronoko and ſaffron cut tobacco, black and blue princes ſtuff, black and mazareen blue ſerge, durey, crow coloured mantua, black alamode, Manchester velvets, a compleat aſſortment of cutlery, childrens umbrellaes, Raven's duck, Ruſſia ſheeting, 3-4th dowlas, patches of callicoes, printed linens and cottons, brown hollands; clouting diaper, diaper and damaſk table cloths, nankeens, long lawn, cambricks; clear lawn, a great variety of India perſians, both plain and ſtriped; India chints, cotton romals, India ſhades, with an aſſortment of glaſs ware, an aſſortment of table and tea china, an aſſortment of ribbons, gold Pruſſian binding, broad and narrow; gold and ſilver baſket buttons, Dorman's long pipes, red herrings in caſks containing 1000, ſingle refined London loaf ſugar, double refined ditto, beſt Batavia arrack in bottles, ſingle and double F gunpowder, ſalt petre, coffee, beſt Durham muſtard in pound and half pound bottles, Harlam ſtripes, exceeding good claret, and a compleat aſſortment of ſhip chandlery, with a variety of other goods too tedious to enumerate. tbctf.

CORRIE & CARSANS,

Have juſt imported in the Nancy, Capt. Jordan, from London,

A FRESH Supply of GOODS, ſuitable for the Season, which with Rum, Salt, Loaf and Muſcovado Sugar, Madera and Vidonia Wines, Flour and Biſcuit, they have to diſpoſe off on the uſual Terms, at their Store in Tradd-Street, where BRANDY may be had reaſonably by the Quarter-Caſk or any ſmaller Quantity, exceeding three Gallons. 6 w.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION called Tunbridge, containing 2000 acres, bounding to the eaſtward on Wright's river, to the weſtward on Henry Laurens, Eſq; to the north on a road leading to Shuter's Hill, and to the ſouth on lands of Jermyn Wright and Wright's river.

A plantation called Shuter's Hill, containing 554 acres, bounding on Henry Laurens, Eſq; and on Mr. James Sanders.

A tract of land on Savannah river, containing 820 acres, including Rocheſter's ferry.

A plantation near Savannah river, called the Cypreſs, containing 600 acres, in proper order for planting immediately.

A plantation called Cane Savannah, containing 600 acres, in proper order for planting immediately.

A tract containing 1282 acres, on the eaſternmoſt fork of Salteatcher river, joining lands of Joſeph Butler.

A tract on Pedee river, containing 600 acres, bounding to the weſt on ſaid river, and on land of Samuel Maſters.

A plantation on Steven's Creek, near Auguſta, containing 300 acres.

Alſo four two acre lots in the town of Dorcheſter, known by the Numbers III, IV, IX and X.

The above lands in quality and ſituation, are inferior to none in the different parts of the province where they lie.

By an exact ſurvey it appears that the lands on Savannah river are not within the ſuppoſed lines of the barony formerly granted to Mr. Walter.

Perſons inclined to purchaſe, may apply to Egerton Leigh, or Peter Manigault, Eſquires, in Charles-Town, or to

JERMYN WRIGHT,
CHARLES WRIGHT.

TO BE SOLD by public Outcry, on Tueſday the 21ſt Day of June, at the uſual Place in Beaufort;

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of PETER SHECUTT, deceaſed, conſiſting of ſome ſole and upper Leather, Shoemaker's Tools, Houſhold Furniture, wearing Apparel, ſome Cattle and Horſes, &c. The Conditions will be declared at the Time of Sale. All Perſons having any Demands on ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to ſend them in properly atteſted, and thoſe indebted thereto are requeſted to make Payment by the above Day, to DANIEL DE SAUSSURE, Adminiſtrator.

TO BE SOLD, for no Fault, to the higheſt Bidder, on Thurſday the 23th of June, at St. Stephen's Club;

A Very valuable handy young Houſe Wench, who is a Cook, Waſher and Ironer, and is alſo a good Sempſtreſs, together with her three Children, the eldeſt about four Years and ſix Months old, the next three Years, and the youngeſt nine Months old. Credit will be given till the firſt Day of January 1769, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security, by SAMUEL RICHBOURG.

For LEITH,
(To ſail the 15th June)
THE SNOW KINNOUL,
ALEXANDER ALEXANDER, *Maſter.*

FOR Freight of light Goods, or Paſſage, having good Accommodations, apply to ſaid Maſter, or to

JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

TO BE SOLD at Auction, for Caſh, at the Houſe of Meſſrs. BENFIELD and JONES, in Tradd-ſtreet, on the 17th Day of June next;

A VARIETY of Shop GOODS, Houſhold and Kitchen FURNITURE, and eight NEGROES, among which are three Houſe Wenches, and two handy young Fellows. Late the Property of the ſaid Benfield and Jones, and ſold for the Benefit of their Creditors, by Order of their Aſſignees appointed by Law.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

LARGE Coals, Bell's Ale, Barley, a few Kegs of fine pickled Herrings, Scots carpets, a fine aſſortment of ſtone ware, chimney grates, mahogany chairs, cordage, and ſundry other articles, juſt arrived from Leith, in the ſnow Kinnoul, and to be ſold very cheap for ready money, at a ſtore on Mr. Burn's old wharf, by

ALEXANDER ALEXANDER.

THE Subſcribers inform all Perſons who are Bond Creditors of the Eſtate of HENRY PAGETT, deceaſed, to make the ſame known by Monday the twentieth Day of June next, and ſeven Days after, to call and receive their Dividends, as far as the Money in their Hands will extend; thoſe who neglect this, will be excluded totally, as they have repeatedly made Application to this Effect, and are now reſolved to bring theſe Affairs to a Concluſion.

ATKINS & WESTON, Adminiſtrators.

N. B. Thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, they are poſitively determined to ſue immediately. 5 w.

GODFREY & GADSDEN,

HAVE juſt imported in the UNION, Captain Coombes, from LONDON, a great variety of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, at their ſtores in CHARLES-TOWN and GEORGE-TOWN, among which are,

CROW, ſtraw and other coloured luteſtrings and mantuas, flowered armozeens, brocades, and many other kinds of ſilks, which will be ſold under the common advance; brown Iriſh ſheeting, from 5l. to 10l. a yard, Iriſh, Scots and German oſnabrugs, from 3ſs to 5ſ. a yard, ſail duck; a great aſſortment of Iriſh linens, callicoes and chints from 5l. to 40l. a pattern, diaper and damaſk napkining, Iriſh, Scots and Ruſſia ſheeting, with moſt other kinds of linen drapery goods; broad cloths, ſagathies, dureys, allapeens, faſtians, jeans, ſilk and ſtuffs for mens ſummer wear, &c. and ſuitable trimmings; calimancoes, princes ſtuff, black ruſſel, bombazeens, India and Engliſh perſians, ſarjenet, plain and flowered modes; gunpowder, bar and ſheet lead, bullets and ſhot, tin kettles, Weſton's beſt ſnuff, and ſuperfine Oronoko tobacco; thread and cotton hoſe, cotton cards, bird cages, brooms, bruſhes and mops, matraſſes, Flanders tick, currants, raiſins, figs, prunes, pepper and other ſpices, muſtard, ſweet oil, olives, capers, loaf ſugar, bohea tea, read lead, oakum; paint, dry and in oil; buckles, razors, fiſh fiſhing lines, needles in one quarter of an hundred; butter prints, hair ſieves, cordage, felt, caſtor and beaver hats, white and black blond and minionet laces, black and white ſilk and cotton gauzes, very cheap; ſilk and thread pavillion gauze, and thread netting for ditto, muſlins, lawns, bell lamps, glaſs ſhades, and other glaſs, china and ſtone ware, &c. &c. Alſo rum, wines, ſalt, ſugar, bar iron, with American and Weſt-India goods. 6w.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

July 22, 1767. A new negro fellow, calls himſelf *Belfaſt*, and ſays his maſter's name is *Bobby*; he is about five feet ſix inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a ſhot on his left thigh, which he ſaid was done by his maſter; has on an old white negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Ball's plantation, Silk-Hope.

September 30. A negro wench of the Angola country, who calls herſelf JENNY, but can't tell her maſter's name; ſhe is a ſhort wench, of a yellow complexion, with very ſmall breaſts; ſhe has on an old white negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at Mr. Waring's plantation at Beach-Hill.

December 6. A negro fellow of the Angola country, calls himſelf *Jeffry*, ſays his old maſter's name was *John Williams*, and died in Georgia, but the reſt of the negroes being ſeized, he run-away to go to his young maſter in North-Carolina, whoſe name is *William Williams*; he is four feet eleven inches high, full faced, about 40 years of age, and has on an old camblet jacket and black everlaſting breeches. Taken up at Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

June 6, 1768. A negro fellow, Bermuda born, calls himſelf JEMMY, ſays he belonged to Jonathan Bryan, but was ſold to William Lyford, of Savannah, pilot, but not liking him, was coming to Charles-Town to look for a maſter; he is five feet ſeven inches high, of a yellowiſh complexion, pitted with the ſmall-pox, and carries the marks of an old offender; he has on a blue great coat, ſtriped jacket, white ſhirt, and nankeen breeches. Taken up at Amber Middleton, Eſqr's, Plantation near Dorcheſter.

Charles-Town, June 3, 1768.

STRAYED into the plantation of the widow ELLIOTT, upon the neck, about ſeven miles from Charles-Town, a white gelding 13 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder I G, is full aged and a trotter; upon the information of BRYAN DAUGHTRY, the overſeer. Any perſon claiming the ſaid ſtray, muſt prove their property before

FENWICKE BULL, J. P.

Charles-Town, June 6, 1768.

STRAYED into the plantation of *John Stevenſon*, on Webb's-creek, a dark gray horſe, about fourteen and an half hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder and buttock IO, the latter not plain, and ſomething like I in one, on the off ſhoulder.

Alſo a gray gelding, twelve hands and an half high, branded on the off buttock thus GV. The owners of the above ſtrays, muſt prove their property before

JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

PROV. IV. 13, 23. *Hear, O my Son, and receive my Sayings: Take fast Hold of Inſtruction, let her not go, keep her, for ſhe is thy Life.*

ON Thurſday the ſecond of June, Mr. STRATON will begin a Courſe of LECTURES, at the Britiſh Academy on the Green, preciſely at Four in the Afternoon, and to be continued, at the ſame Hour, every Thurſday and Saturday, until a compleat Syſtem of Arithmetic, Geometry and Aſtronomy, ſhall be fully explained, from their firſt Principles to their preſent happy Improvement.

The whole to be laid down in a plain Manner, ſo as to be underſtood even by the unexperienced, for whoſe Sake this Undertaking is chiefly propoſed.

Tickets to be had of the Printer, and at the Academy, which will entitle the Bearer to hear eight Lectures.

N. B. My own Scholars that ſtudy any Branch of the Mathematicks, ſhall be admitted *gratis*.

☞ Latin and French taught grammatically, and with Expedition.

Charles-Town, May 23, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Rates of Carriage of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, within the Limits of Charles-Town, are fixed by the Commiſſioners of the Streets, for the Year, ending Whitmonday, 1769, viz.

To any Part of New Church-ſtreet, and Avenues leading thereto, between the Bridge uniting the ſaid Street and White Point, and as far as behind St. Philip's Church, for every Cord of Wood, Load of Boards, Plank, Timber and Bricks, containing 500 Feet ſuperficial (and in Proportion for Plank and Scantling) and 500 Bricks to a Load, and for every Ton of Coal, *Five Shillings* Currency.

If carried over the Bridge leading to White Point, to any Part beyond, or over the Bridge by Colleton's Square, parallel with New Church-ſtreet, *Seven Shillings and Six Pence*.

For every Load of Lime to the above Places, per Buſhel, *Two Pence*.

To any Part of Old Church-ſtreet, or Avenues leading thereto, between the Bridge or Cauſeway over the Moat, near Mr. Hopton's Houſe, and the Cauſeway between Mrs. Frazer's and White Point, every Load as above ſpecified, *Seven Shillings and Six Pence*.

For every Load of Lime, per Buſhel, *Three Pence*.

To King-ſtreet, and every other Part of the Town, not above ſpecified, each Load, *Ten Shillings*.

To the Barracks, near the Magazine, each Load, *Twelve Shillings and Six Pence*.

To the new, or further Barracks, each Load, *Seventeen Shillings and Six Pence*.

For every Load of Gun-powder to and from the Magazine, *Fifteen Shillings*.

And for a full Load (if required) of every Kind of Goods, at the Rate of Wood, to every Place.

For Shingles to any Part of the Town, within the Town-Plat, per Thouſand, *Five Shillings*.

For ditto, without the Town-Plat, to the New Gate, or Wall, per Thouſand, *Seven Shillings and Six Pence*.

Every Cart, Waggon, or Dray, for hire, muſt have one able white Perſon to attend and conduct the ſame, under the Penalty of *Forty Pounds* for every neglect of the ſame, and *Twenty Shillings* Penalty for ſitting in the Carriage, or on the Shafts. No Perſon to ride on Horſeback, or in a Carriage, in any of the Streets, faſter than a moderate pace or trot, under the Penalty of *Five Pounds* for each Offence, if a white Perſon, and if a Negro, to be publicly whipped, as the Law directs. *By Order of the Commiſſioners,*

ELISHA POINSETT, Clerk.

WILLIAM WEBB,

Has juſt imported in the Prince of Wales, Captain MASON, from PHILADELPHIA;

LEWIS's Superfine Flour, in whole and half Barrels, and Kegs, Hopkins's Milk, Water and Butter Bread. Alſo a few choice HAMS, to be ſold at the Store of Meſſieurs WEBB and DOUGHTY.

Charles-Town, May 18, 1768.

THE Subſcribers having been lately appointed Aſſignees of the Eſtate, Debts and Effects of Meſſrs. *Benfield & Jones*, in Truſt for *John Nutt*, Eſq; of *London*, and other their Creditors, hereby give PUBLIC NOTICE, that unleſs the ſaid Creditors ſhall deliver to us, or either of us, an exact Account upon Oath, of the ſeveral Debts and Demands to them owing, on or before the 16th Day of January 1769, they will be excluded from receiving any Benefit of a Dividend in the ſaid truſt Concern. And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid *Benfield & Jones*, who neglect paying their reſpective Debts to the Aſſignees, may expect to be ſued without further Notice.

BENJAMIN SMITH,
CHARLES PINCKNEY.

ALL Perſons indebted to MILES BREWTON, Eſq; to Meſſrs. HOOPER & SWALLOW, and to the Eſtate of EBERHART ENNEY, deceaſed, are deſired to accept this as Notice, that I have Directions from the Concerned, to put in ſuit all Debts that are not *very ſoon* diſcharged.

CHARLES PINCKNEY.

Juſt imported in the Brig Prince of Wales, Captain Maſon, from Philadelphia, and to be ſold at a Store on Colonel Beale's Wharf;

LEWIS's ſuperfine Flour in half Barrels and Kegs, Hopkin's Milk and Water Biſcuit in Kegs, a few Barrels and half Barrels of beſt double Beer, very good Salt-petred Hams, Bar Iron, Cordials, a few Dozen of Horſe Collars, good muſcovado Sugar by the Hundred Weight or Barrel.

WILLIAM SYKES.

Who likewiſe wants to buy a Quantity of good Otter Skins.

TO BE LET,

By Mary Knox, in Beadon's Alley, next Door to Mr. Legare's,

A SHOP, ſeveral good Lodging Rooms, furniſhed or unfurniſhed, and ſome fine dry Stores.

Charles-Town, May 16, 1768.

THOMAS LEGARE being obliged to Leave the Province a few Months for the Benefit of his Health, acquaints his Country Friends, that in his Abſence his FACTORAGE BUSINESS will be carried on by

Mr. RICHARD BAKER,

Who has aſſiſted him in that Way for upwards of Seven Years paſt. His Books, &c. are left with his ſon SAMUEL LEGARE, to whom any Perſon having Accounts to Settle may apply.

Imported in the Heart of Oak, Capt. GUNN, *from* LONDON,

A FEW Bales of good Scotch Osnabrugs and brown Linens, a Quantity of low priced Iriſh, Scotch and German Linens, alſo a few Copper-plate and printed ditto, ſome very cheap long Lawns, and a few Pieces of beautiful ſpriged, flowered and ſtriped Muſlins, to be ſold with ſeveral other Articles by the Package or Piece, nearly as low as they can be imported. JAMES LAURENS.

☞ Who has about 30l. Sterling's worth of RIBBONS, to ſell at the prime Coſt.

PUBLIC Notice has already been given of the Diſſolution of the Co-partnerſhip of LAURENS, MOTTE, and Company, and all Perſons indebted thereto requeſted, either to pay their Debts, or to ſettle by Bond, to the Satisfaction of the Subſcriber, who is in Poſſeſſion of the Books. But as ſeveral Perſons have neglected to comply with this very reaſonable requeſt, ſuch have Notice, that if their Accounts remain unſettled the *20th Day of June*, they will then be put into an Attorney's Hands to be ſued for.

JAMES LAURENS.

JOHN GILES,

At his ſtore in Elliott-ſtreet, *is now ſelling under the*

COMMON ADVANCE,

AN ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, imported in the laſt veſſels from LONDON and BRISTOL, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon.

And in the Kinnoul, *Capt.* Alexander, *juſt arrived from* LEITH;

GLASGOW pigtail tobacco, white, blue and green pavillion gauze, Campbell's, Bell's and Cunningham's ſtrong ALE in bottles, men, women, boys and girls leather ſhoes and pumps; alſo, Scotch claret.——Madera, Vidonia and Malaga wine, old Jamaica, Weſt-India and Northward rum, arrack, brandy, geneva, ſugar, ſalt, fine hyſon, green, and bohea tea, rum caſes, &c. as uſual.

N. B. The Wines and Liquors warranted genuine.

TO BE SOLD at Auction, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 23d of June, at XII o'Clock at Noon, by Direction of the Will of the late Mr. William Dandridge, deceaſed;

PART of a Lot of Land in King-ſtreet, adjoining to Mr. Cato Aſh, containing 35 Feet and an Half in Front, and 125 Feet in Depth, on which is a good Dwelling-houſe, with neceſſary Out-buildings, rented at 200l. per Annum. Alſo Part of a Lot in ſaid Street, adjoining to the late Mr. Bullard's Land, containing 40 Feet in Front, and 232 Feet in Depth, on which is two Tenements, equally divided, with neceſſary Out-buildings to each, and a large Arch to admit Carriages into each Yard, the ſouthermoſt Tenement rents at 270l. per Annum, and the northermoſt at 250l. per Annum. Credit will be given to the firſt Day of January next, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale, and giving Security, if required, to

FRANCES DANDRIDGE, Executrix.
GEORGE SMITH, Executor.

N. B. All Perſons having Demands on the Eſtate of ſaid Mr. Dandridge, are deſired to make them known, and thoſe indebted to it to make ſpeedy Payment.

GREEN TEA,

ABOUT 80 Pounds Weight, exceeding good, which was brought over in the Ship Nancy, Captain Jordan, from London, will be ſold at firſt Coſt, without Charges, to any Perſon that will take above ten Pounds of it. Enquire at Mr. William Gowdey's, in Broad-ſtreet.

N.B. It has been tried by ſeveral Perſons, and approved of.

Chriſt Church Pariſh, May 23, 1768.

THESE are to acquaint the Inhabitants, and others, concerned in the Pariſh, that they are aſſeſſed in the Sum of *Four Shillings* per Head, on all Males from ſixteen to ſixty Years, for the Re-building of Awindaw Bridge, which they are deſired to pay one or more of the Commiſſioners, who will attend at Mrs. Baldwin's, on the third Tueſday in June next, at Mr. Remington's, the Thurſday following, and at Mr. Lamprier's, on Saturday in the ſame Week, from ten to four o'Clock each Day.

JOSEPH WIGFALL,
GEORGE WHITE,
SAMUEL VARNER,
JONATHAN SCOTT,
JOSHUA TOOMER,
GABRIEL CAPERS,
LEVI DURAND,
BENJAMIN WIGFALL.

MR. William Norman, of Beach-hill, has informed me of the following ſtrays, viz.

A brown ſteer, with a ſpeckled rump, marked in the right ear with a ſwallow fork, and a ſmooth crop in his left, his dewlap ſlit, and branded *PR* in one, and is ſix or ſeven years old.

A brindled ſteer, marked with a ſwallow fork in his left ear, and a ſmooth crop in his right, his dewlap ſlit, and branded as the above, is ſix or ſeven years old.

A ſmall black and white cow, marked as the laſt mentioned ſteer, branded on one rump G, and on the other *PR* in one, her forehead a little gray, and her dewlap ſlit, ſhe is about five or ſix years old.

A cow all white except her head and neck, which is a red brindle, marked with an upper ſlant in one ear, and an under ſlant in the other, branded *PR* in one, about ſeven or eight years old.

A cow of the ſame colour, branded and marked as the laſt mentioned, and appears about three or four years old.

Two heifer yearlings, and a bull ditto, neither marked nor branded, calves of the above cows.

A black and white pied ſteer, marked with a crop in his right ear, and a ſwallow fork in his left, branded on one rump A, and on the other *PR* in one, about ſix years old.

Alſo, a brindled cow, with a young calf, has the ſame mark and brands with the laſt mentioned, and of the ſame age.—The owner or owners of the above cattle, muſt prove their property before EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

JOHN FATHERRE informs me of a black horſe, branded on the mounting buttock ⊏ and on the mounting ⊐ M, ſhoulder the ſame, but not very plain, and has ſome white ſaddle ſpots near his ſhoulder. The owner muſt prove his property before me at Purryſburgh.

May 27, 1768. JOHN LEWIS BOURQUIN, J. P.

STRAYED ſome time ago into the plantation of *Robert Williams*, junior, Eſq; on Charles-Town neck, a ſmall black and white pied cow, branded ſomething like SS, but ſo obſcure as not to be fully made out. She now has a calf by her ſide, about three weeks old. Any perſon claiming them, may prove their property before

May 26, 1768. WILLIAM MASON.

WANTED,

A MAN of good Character, to teach a few Children Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, in a private Family, to whom proper Encouragement will be given. Enquire of the Printer.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Public, that there is a Bond in the Hands of William M'Kay from the ſubſcriber; all Perſons are hereby forewarned not to take or receive, or give credit to the ſaid bond, as they may depend the loſs will be their own if they do.

JOHN EGAN.

TO BE LET, and ENTERED upon about July next;

A BRICK Tenement of a three Story Houſe, ſituated on the Corner of Meeting and Tradd-ſtreets. For further Particulars, enquire of the Reverend Mr. John Thomas in the ſaid Tenement, or

WILLIAM ELLIS.

MATTHIAS HUTCHINSON,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public, and his Friends in particular, that he has opened a Shop in Queen-ſtreet, near where Mr. Holliday lately kept Tavern, where he intends carrying on the CHAIR-MAKING BUSINESS in all its Branches; thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies who chuſe to employ him, may depend on having their Work done in the neateſt and ſtrongeſt Manner, on reaſonable Terms, and with the quickeſt Diſpatch. He has alſo two neat Italian Chairs with Harneſſes compleat, to diſpoſe off, very cheap.

MR. BLAKE who teaches the GERMAN FLUTE, is removed from Mr. *Gray*'s on the Bay, to a private Room at Mr. *Pearce*'s in Church-Street, where he begs the Gentlemen (that have been pleaſed to put themſelves under his Tuition) to attend on the uſual Days.

JOHN TAYLOR,

HAVING removed into King-ſtreet, oppoſite Jane's alley, begs the favour of all thoſe to whom he is indebted, for a continuance of their cuſtom, as at preſent he has no other way of paying them, but by working off.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid John Taylor, to and from June 1765, are deſired to make immediate payment to him, as he will prove all other payments to be illegal. He likewiſe informs them, that he is determined to proſecute, as far as the law will extend, all thoſe that have ſettled accounts unjuſtly on his books during his confinement, as it was not in his power to authorize any perſon. 6 m.

THE Subſcriber having good Accommodations for Boarders, would be glad of the Cuſtom of her Country Friends, who may depend on being faithfully ſerved, and meeting with the gentereſt Treatment.

The BARBER's BUSINESS is carried on as uſual, and would be obliged to thoſe who chooſe to favour her with their Cuſtom. ELIZABETH BUTLER.

RUN-AWAY from my plantation near Athepoo, a negro fellow named BOATSWAIN, he is a Guinea fellow, with his country marks in his face, and has been in this country ſix or ſeven years; ſpeaks tolerable good Engliſh, is full ſix feet high, and very ſtout: He formerly belonged to the eſtate of Colonel Thomas Middleton, and is ſuppoſed to be gone up to the ſouthward, where he formerly lived. Whoever will apprehend and deliver the ſaid fellow to my overſeer, on the ſaid plantation, or to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive a reward of Five Pounds, from JAMES POSTELL.

WHEREAS the Co-Partnerſhip of TEBOUT and JOHNSON expires the 29th of July next, they take this Method of returning Thanks to all their Friends and Cuſtomers for all paſt Favours, and deſires thoſe that have any Demands againſt them to bring them in, and thoſe indebted to them, whoſe Accounts are of a long ſtanding, to make Payment as ſoon as poſſible, that they may be enabled to ſettle with their Creditors.

At WEYMAN's

Looking-Glaſs Shop in Church ſtreet, next Door to Mr. John Hatfield,

IS PERFORMED,

LOOKING-GLASS grinding, poliſhing, Diamond-cutting, ſilvering and framing: Alſo the CABINET and CHAIR-WORK BUSINESS; in which different Branches, he will be much obliged to thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their Commands. 3m.

THE Subſcriber intending to decline Shoemaking, will ſell two or three Negro Shoemakers; they have done all my buſineſs for nine Years paſt, and are at leaſt equal to any Negroes of the Trade in this Province, the eldeſt of them only 22 Years old. All Perſons indebted to him for Boots, Shoes, &c. are deſired to diſcharge the ſame immediately; he hopes his Country Friends will pay due regard to this, as he cannot conveniently apply any other way to them. JOHN MATTHEWS.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE good Maple Deſks. Enquire at Mr. Crouch's Printing-Office in Elliott-Street, of

JAMES NISBET.

Black Mingo, May 17, 1768.

MR. WILLIAM THOMSON, of Black-Mingo, informs me of a dark brown bay horſe, about thirteen hands high, and about nine or ten years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder thus ⓘ, and on the mounting thigh with two letters, the one obſcure, the other S; ſtrayed into his incloſures. The owner of the ſaid ſtray, may prove his property before SAMUEL NESMITH, J. P.

Charles-Town, May 26, 1768.

THOMAS ADDISON informs me of a dark ſorrel gelding, about thirteen hands high, branded on the mounting buttock ſomething like M and a circle round it.

Alſo a gray mare, twelve and an half hands high, about ſeven years old, no brand diſcernable, which ſtrayed into the plantation of Robert Hume, Eſq; deceaſed. The owners muſt prove their property before

JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

IN my incloſure, a bay mare, about 14 hands high, a number of white ſpots interſperſed over her body, a ſtar in her forehead, branded SX on her mounting ſhoulder, ſhe has a yearling filly by her ſide.

Charles Depont has a mouſe coloured gelding, about eleven and an half hands high, has a ſtar on the forehead, branded LAPL in one. The owners muſt prove their property before BENJAMIN GARDEN.